permit exposed outdoor use on high-speed flashing circuits, is designed and marketed as a sign service lamp, and has a maximum rated wattage of 15 watts. Silver bowl lamp means a lamp that has an opaque reflective coating applied directly to part of the bulb surface that reflects light toward the lamp base and that is designed and marketed as a silver bowl lamp.

* * * * *

Specialty MR lamp means a lamp that has an MR shape as defined in ANSI C79.1–2002 (incorporated by reference; see § 430.3), a diameter of less than or equal to 2.25 inches, a lifetime of less than or equal to 300 hours, and that is designed and marketed for a specialty application.

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Traffic signal lamp means a lamp that is designed and marketed for traffic signal applications and has a lifetime of 8,000 hours or greater.

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[FR Doc. 2022–09480 Filed 5–6–22; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY
Office of the Comptroller of the Currency
12 CFR Part 14
[Docket No. OCC–2022–0004]
RIN 1557–AF16
Customer Assistance Group Change of Mailing Address

AGENCY: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC), Treasury.

ACTION: Final rule; technical amendment.

SUMMARY: The OCC is issuing this final rule; technical amendment to amend the consumer grievance process appendix in the Consumer Protection in Sales of Insurance regulations by removing an outdated mailing address for the OCC’s Customer Assistance Group (CAG) and replacing it with the current mailing address.

DATES: The final rule is effective May 9, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Marta Stewart-Bates, Counsel, or Graham Bannon, Attorney, Chief Counsel’s Office, (202) 649–5490, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, 400 7th Street SW, Washington, DC 20219. If you are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability, please dial 7–1–1 to access telecommunications relay services.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 5, 2021, the OCC published Bulletin 2021–35, “Community Reinvestment Act, Fair Housing Act, and Equal Credit Opportunity Act: OCC Contact Information for Certain Notices and Posters,” which announced the new physical mailing address of the OCC’s CAG, “P.O. Box 53570, Houston, TX 77052.” The previous CAG mailing address was 1301 McKinney Street, Suite 3450, Houston, Texas 77010–3031. The OCC’s regulation in appendix A to 12 CFR part 14 sets forth a consumer grievance process that contains the previous mailing address for the OCC’s CAG. This final rule amends appendix A to 12 CFR part 14 to remove the outdated CAG mailing address and replace it with the current CAG mailing address.

Administrative Law Matters

A. Administrative Procedure Act

The OCC is issuing this final rule without prior notice and the opportunity for public comment and without the 30-day delayed effective date ordinarily prescribed by the Administrative Procedure Act (APA). Pursuant to section 553(b)(B) of the APA, general notice and the opportunity for public comment are not required with respect to a rulemaking when an “agency for good cause finds (and incorporates the finding and a brief statement of reasons therefor in the rules issued) that notice and public procedure thereon are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest.”

The OCC believes that there is good cause to issue this final rule without notice and public procedure because the rule makes a technical change to update a physical mailing address for the OCC’s CAG and does not alter any substantive standard. Therefore, there is good cause to dispense with the APA prior notice and public comment process because it is unnecessary since the change of CAG’s address in 12 CFR part 14 is a non-substantive, technical amendment to the OCC’s rule.

The APA also requires a 30-day delayed effective date, except for (1) substantive rules which grant or recognize an exemption or relieve a restriction; (2) interpretative rules and statements of policy; or (3) as otherwise provided by the agency for good cause. The OCC finds good cause to publish this final rule with an immediate effective date because, as described above, this final rule merely reflects a change of address in existing regulations and does not alter any substantive standard.

B. Use of Plain Language

Section 722 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act requires Federal banking agencies to use plain language in all proposed and final rules published after January 1, 2000. The OCC has sought to present this final rule in a simple and straightforward manner.

C. Paperwork Reduction Act Analysis

In accordance with the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), 44 U.S.C. 3501–3521, the OCC may not conduct or sponsor, and a respondent is not required to respond to, an information collection unless it displays a currently-valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. The OCC has reviewed this final rule and determined that it does not introduce a new collection of information pursuant to the PRA.

D. Regulatory Flexibility Act Analysis

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) requires an agency to consider whether the rules it proposes will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The RFA applies only to rules for which an agency publishes a general notice of proposed rulemaking pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b). Consistent with section 553(b) of the APA, the OCC has determined for good cause that general notice and opportunity for public comment is unnecessary because the rule makes a technical change to update a physical mailing address for the OCC’s CAG and does not alter any substantive standard, and, therefore, the OCC is not issuing a notice of proposed rulemaking. Accordingly, the OCC has concluded that the RFA’s requirements relating to initial and final regulatory flexibility analysis do not apply.

E. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

As a general matter, the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (UMRA) requires the preparation of a budgetary impact statement before promulgating a

2 5 U.S.C. 553.
4 5 U.S.C. 553(d).
6 5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.
7 Under regulations issued by the Small Business Administration, as of February 2021, a small entity includes a depository institution, bank holding company, or savings and loan holding company with total assets of $600 million or less and trust companies with total assets of $41.5 million or less. See 13 CFR 121.201.
8 2 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.
rule that includes a Federal mandate that may result in the expenditure by State, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of $100 million or more in any one year. However, the UMRA does not apply to final rules for which a general notice of proposed rulemaking was not published.\textsuperscript{9} Consistent with section 553(b)(B) of the APA, the OCC has determined for good cause that general notice and opportunity for public comment is unnecessary because the rule makes a technical change to update a physical mailing address for the OCC’s CAG and does not alter any substantive requirement on an insured depository institution. Therefore, the OCC has not prepared a notice of proposed rulemaking. Accordingly, the OCC has not prepared an economic analysis of the rule under the UMRA.

**F. Riegle Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994**

Pursuant to section 302(a) of the Riegle Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994,\textsuperscript{10} in determining the effective date and administrative compliance requirements for new regulations that impose additional reporting, disclosure, or other requirements on insured depository institutions, the OCC must consider, consistent with the principles of safety and soundness and the public interest: (1) Any administrative burdens that the final rule places on depository institutions, including small depository institutions and customers of depository institutions, and (2) the benefits of the final rule. This final rule does not impose additional reporting, disclosure, or other requirements on an insured depository institution. Therefore, section 302(a) of the Riegle Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994 does not apply to this final rule.

**G. The Congressional Review Act**

Before a rule can take effect, the Congressional Review Act (CRA), 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., provides that the OCC must submit to Congress and to the Comptroller General the rule along with the preamble, 12 CFR part 14 is amended as follows:

### PART 14—CONSUMER PROTECTION IN SALES OF INSURANCE

- 1. The authority citation for part 14 continues to read as follows:
  
  Authority: 12 U.S.C. 1 et seq., 24(Seventh), 92, 93a, 1462a, 1463, 1464, 1818, 1831x, and 5412(b)(2)(B).
- 2. Appendix A to part 14 is revised to read as follows:

**Appendix A to Part 14—Consumer Grievance Process**

Any consumer who believes that any bank, Federal savings association, or any other person selling, soliciting, advertising, or offering insurance products or annuities to the consumer at an office of the bank or Federal savings association, or on behalf of the bank or Federal savings association, has violated the requirements of this part should contact the Consumer Assistance Group, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, (800) 613–6743, P.O. Box 53570, Houston, TX 77052, or www.consumer.gov, or call (800) 380–9887 (English) or (800) 292–9340 (Spanish).

Benjamin W. McDonough,
Senior Deputy Comptroller and Chief Counsel, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency.

[FR Doc. 2022–09860 Filed 5–6–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810–33–P

**FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**

**12 CFR Part 329**

**Liquidity Risk Measurement Standards**

**CFR Correction**

This rule is being published by the Office of the Federal Register to correct an editorial or technical error that appeared in the most recent annual revision of the Code of Federal Regulations.

In Title 12 of the Code of Federal Regulations, parts 300 to 346, revised as of January 1, 2022, make the following corrections:

§ 329.22  [Corrected]

1. Amend § 329.22 in paragraphs (a)(2) introductory text, (a)(2)(ii), (a)(4), and (a)(5), by removing the text “’” in its place wherever it appears.” wherever it appears.

§ 329.40  [Corrected]

2. Amend § 329.40 in paragraph (a) by adding the words “An FDIC-supervised institution” to the beginning of the first sentence.

[FR Doc. 2022–09989 Filed 5–6–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810–10–P

**FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION**

12 CFR Parts 611, 615, 620, 621, 628, and 630

RIN 3052–AD36

**Implementation of the Current Expected Credit Losses Methodology for Allowances, Related Adjustments to the Tier 1/Tier 2 Capital Rule, and Conforming Amendments**

**AGENCY:** Farm Credit Administration.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Farm Credit Administration (FCA or Agency) is amending certain regulations to address changes in U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP). These amendments modify FCA’s capital and other regulations, including certain regulatory disclosure requirements.

**DATES:** The final rule is effective on January 1, 2023.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Technical information: Ryan Leist, LeistR@fca.gov, Associate Director, Operations, Management, and Accounting Team, Corbin West, WestC@fca.gov, Policy Analyst (capital markets), or Jeremy R. Edelstein,