

**#2010-241**

*Also Terminates #2008-114*

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY  
COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY**

In the Matter of: )  
First National Bank of Brookfield )  
Brookfield, Illinois )

AA-EC-10-119

**CONSENT ORDER**

**WHEREAS**, the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States of America ("Comptroller"), through his National Bank Examiner, has supervisory authority over First National Bank of Brookfield, Brookfield, Illinois ("Bank");

**WHEREAS**, the Bank, by and through its duly elected and acting Board of Directors ("Board"), has executed a Stipulation and Consent to the Issuance of a Consent Order ("Stipulation and Consent"), dated December 9, 2010 that is accepted by the Comptroller; and

**WHEREAS**, by this Stipulation and Consent, which is incorporated by reference, the Bank, has consented to the issuance of this Consent Order ("Order") by the Comptroller.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, pursuant to the authority vested in him by the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as amended, 12 U.S.C. § 1818, the Comptroller hereby orders that:

**ARTICLE I**

**COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE**

(1) Within fifteen (15) days, the Board shall appoint or reaffirm a Compliance Committee of at least three (3) directors, none of whom shall be employees, controlling shareholders of the Bank or any of its affiliates (as the term "affiliate" is defined in 12 U.S.C. § 371c(b)(1)), or a family member of any such person, and maximum of one of which shall be a former employee of the Bank. Upon appointment, the names of the members of the Compliance

Committee and, in the event of a change of the membership, the name of any new member shall be immediately submitted in writing to the Director for Special Supervision ("Director"). The Compliance Committee shall be responsible for monitoring and coordinating the Bank's adherence to the provisions of this Order.

(2) The Compliance Committee shall meet at least monthly.

(3) Within sixty (60) days of the date of this Order and monthly thereafter, the Compliance Committee shall submit a written progress report to the Board setting forth in detail:

- (a) a description of the actions needed to achieve full compliance with each Article of this Order;
- (b) actions taken to comply with each Article of this Order; and
- (c) the results and status of those actions.

(4) The Board shall forward a copy of the Compliance Committee's report, with any additional comments by the Board, to the Director within ten (10) days of receiving such report.

(5) All reports or plans which the Bank or Board has agreed to submit to the Director pursuant to this Order shall be forwarded, by overnight mail or via email, to the following:

Director for Special Supervision  
Comptroller of the Currency  
250 E Street, S.W.  
Mail Stop 7-4  
Washington, DC 20219

*with a copy to:*  
Assistant Deputy Comptroller  
Chicago South Field Office  
2001 Butterfield Road, Suite 400  
Downers Grove, IL 60515

(6) The Board shall ensure that the Bank has sufficient processes, personnel, and control systems to effectively implement and adhere to all provisions of this Order, and that Bank personnel have sufficient training and authority to execute their duties and responsibilities under this Order.

## ARTICLE II

### STRATEGIC PLAN

(1) Within ninety (90) days of the date of this Order, the Board shall forward to the Director for his review, pursuant to paragraph (5) of this Article, a revised written Strategic Plan for the Bank that is acceptable to the Director, covering at least a three-year period. Within five (5) days following receipt of the Director's written determination of no supervisory objection, the Board shall adopt and the Bank (subject to Board review and ongoing monitoring) shall implement and thereafter ensure adherence to the Strategic Plan. The Strategic Plan shall establish objectives for the Bank's overall risk profile, earnings performance, growth, balance sheet mix, off-balance sheet activities, liability structure, capital adequacy, reduction in the volume of nonperforming assets, product line development, and market segments that the Bank intends to promote or develop, together with strategies to achieve those objectives, and shall, at a minimum, include:

- (a) a mission statement that forms the framework for the establishment of strategic goals and objectives;
- (b) a description of the Bank's targeted market(s) and an assessment of the current and projected risks and competitive factors in its identified target market(s);
- (c) the strategic goals and objectives to be accomplished;
- (d) specific actions designed to improve Bank earnings and accomplish the identified strategic goals and objectives;
- (e) identification of Bank personnel to be responsible and accountable for achieving each goal and objective of the Strategic Plan, including specific time frames;

- (f) a financial forecast, to include projections for major balance sheet and income statement accounts, targeted financial ratios, and growth projections over the period covered by the Strategic Plan;
- (g) a description of the assumptions used to determine financial projections and growth targets;
- (h) an identification and risk assessment of the Bank's present and planned future product lines (assets and liabilities) that will be utilized to accomplish the strategic goals and objectives established in the Strategic Plan, with the requirement that the risk assessment of new product lines must be completed prior to the offering of such product lines;
- (i) a description of control systems to mitigate risks associated with planned new products, growth, or any proposed changes in the Bank's markets;
- (j) an evaluation of the Bank's internal operations, staffing requirements, board and management information systems, and policies and procedures for their adequacy and contribution to the accomplishment of the goals and objectives established in the Strategic Plan;
- (k) a management employment and succession program to promote the retention and continuity of capable management;
- (l) assigned responsibilities and accountability for the strategic planning process, new products, growth goals, and proposed changes in the Bank's operating environment; and
- (m) a description of systems designed to monitor the Bank's progress in meeting the Strategic Plan's goals and objectives.

(2) If the Board's Strategic Plan under paragraph (1) of this Article includes a proposed sale or merger of the Bank, the Strategic Plan shall, at a minimum, address the steps that will be taken and the associated timeline to effectuate the implementation of that alternative.

(3) At least monthly, the Board shall review financial reports and earnings analyses prepared by the Bank that evaluate the Bank's performance against the goals and objectives established in the Strategic Plan, as well as the Bank's written explanation of significant differences between actual and projected balance sheets, income statements, and expense accounts, including descriptions of extraordinary and/or nonrecurring items. Upon completion of its review, the Board shall submit a copy of the reports to the Director.

(4) At least quarterly, the Board shall prepare a written evaluation of the Bank's performance against the Strategic Plan, based on the Bank's monthly reports, analyses, and written explanations of any differences between actual performance and the Bank's strategic goals and objectives, and shall include a description of the actions the Board will require the Bank to take to address any shortcomings, which shall be documented in the Board meeting minutes. Upon completion of its evaluation, the Board shall submit a copy to the Director.

(5) The Board shall review and update the Bank's Strategic Plan at least annually, or more frequently if necessary or if requested by the Director.

(6) Prior to adoption by the Board, any subsequent amendments or revisions to the Bank's Strategic Plan, shall be forwarded to the Director for review and prior written determination of no supervisory objection. Upon receiving a written determination of no supervisory objection from the Director, the Board shall adopt and the Bank shall immediately implement and adhere to the amended (or revised) Strategic Plan.

(7) The Bank may not initiate any action that deviates significantly from the Board-approved Strategic Plan without a written determination of no supervisory objection from the Director. The Board must give the Director advance, written notice of its intent to deviate significantly from the Strategic Plan, along with an assessment of the impact of such change on the Bank's condition, including a profitability analysis and an evaluation of the adequacy of the Bank's organizational structure, staffing, management information systems, internal controls, and written policies and procedures to identify, measure, monitor, and control the risks associated with the change in the Strategic Plan.

(8) For the purposes of this Article, changes that may constitute a significant deviation from the Strategic Plan include, but are not limited to, a change in the Bank's marketing strategies, products and services, marketing partners, underwriting practices and standards, credit administration, account management, collection strategies or operations, fee structure or pricing, accounting processes and practices, or funding strategy, any of which, alone or in aggregate, may have a material impact on the Bank's operations or financial performance; or any other changes in personnel, operations, or external factors that may have a material impact on the Bank's operations or financial performance. For purposes of this paragraph, "personnel" shall include the president, chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer, chief credit officer, chief compliance officer, risk manager, auditor, member of the Bank's Board of Directors, or any other position subsequently identified in writing by the Director.

### ARTICLE III

#### CAPITAL PLAN AND HIGHER MINIMUMS

(1) The Bank shall achieve by April 29, 2011 and thereafter maintain the following capital levels (as defined in 12 C.F.R. Part 3):

- (a) Total risk based capital at least equal to eleven percent (11%) of risk-weighted assets;
- (b) Tier 1 capital at least equal to eight and one-half percent (8.50%) of adjusted total assets.<sup>1</sup>

(2) The requirement in this Order to meet and maintain a specific capital level means that the Bank may not be deemed to be “well capitalized” for purposes of 12 U.S.C. § 1831o and 12 C.F.R. Part 6 pursuant to 12 C.F.R. § 6.4(b)(1)(iv).

(3) Within sixty (60) days, the Board shall develop, implement, and thereafter ensure Bank adherence to a three year Capital Plan. The Capital Plan shall include:

- (a) specific plans for the maintenance of adequate capital that may in no event be less than the requirements of paragraph (1);

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<sup>1</sup> Adjusted total assets means the average total assets figure required to be computed for and stated in a bank’s most recent quarterly Consolidated Report of Condition and Income (Call Report) minus end-of-quarter intangible assets, deferred tax assets, and credit-enhancing interest-only strips, that are deducted from Tier 1 capital, and minus nonfinancial equity investments for which a Tier 1 capital deduction is required pursuant to section 2(c)(5) of appendix A of this part 3. The OCC reserves the right to require a bank to compute and maintain its capital ratios on the basis of actual, rather than average, total assets when necessary to carry out the purposes of this part. 12 C.F.R. § 3.2(a)

- (b) projections for growth and capital requirements based upon a detailed analysis of the Bank's assets, liabilities, earnings, fixed assets, and off-balance sheet activities;
- (c) projections of the sources and timing of additional capital to meet the Bank's current and future needs;
- (d) identification of the primary source(s) from which the Bank will strengthen and maintain its capital structure to meet the Bank's needs;
- (e) specific plans detailing how the Bank will comply with restrictions or requirements set forth in this Order and the restrictions against brokered deposits in 12 C.F.R. § 337.6; and
- (f) contingency plans that identify alternative methods should the primary source(s) under (d) above not be available.

(4) The Bank may declare or pay a dividend or make a capital distribution only:

- a) when the Bank is in compliance with its approved Capital Plan and would remain in compliance with its approved Capital Plan immediately following the declaration or payment of any dividend;
- b) when the Bank is in compliance with 12 U.S.C. §§ 56 and 60;
- c) when the Bank is in compliance with the minimum capital ratios set forth in paragraph (1) of this article; and
- d) with the prior written determination of no supervisory objection by the Director of Special Supervision.

(5) The Bank's Capital Plan shall be submitted to the Director of Special Supervision for prior determination of no supervisory objection. Upon receiving a determination of no



supervisory objection from the Director of Special Supervision, the Bank shall implement and adhere to the Capital Plan. The Board shall review and update the Bank's Capital Plan on an annual basis, or more frequently if necessary, or if requested by the Director. Copies of the reviews and updates shall be submitted to the Director of Special Supervision.

(6) If the Bank fails to submit an acceptable Capital Plan as required by paragraph (3) of this Article, fails to implement or adhere to a Capital Plan to which the Director has taken no supervisory objection pursuant to paragraph (5) of this Article, or fails to achieve and maintain the minimum capital ratios as required by paragraph (1) of this Article; then in the sole discretion of the Director, the Bank shall, upon direction of the Director, within thirty (30) days develop and shall submit to the Director for his review and prior written determination of no supervisory objection a Disposition Plan that shall detail the Board's proposal to sell or merge the Bank, including a transaction pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 215a-3, or liquidate the Bank under 12 U.S.C. § 181

(7) In the event that the Disposition Plan submitted by the Bank's Board outlines a sale or merger of the Bank, the Disposition Plan shall, at a minimum, address the steps that will be taken and the associated timeline to ensure that a definitive agreement for the sale or merger is executed not later than ninety (90) days after the receipt of the Director's written determination of no supervisory objection to the Disposition Plan. If the Disposition Plan outlines a liquidation of the Bank, the Disposition Plan shall detail the actions and steps necessary to accomplish the liquidation in conformance with 12 U.S.C. §§ 181 and 182, and the dates by which each step of the liquidation shall be completed, including the date by which the Bank will terminate the national bank charter. In the event of liquidation, the Bank shall hold a shareholder vote, pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 181, and commence liquidation within thirty (30) days of receiving the Director's written determination of no supervisory objection to the Disposition Plan.

(8) After the Director has advised the Bank in writing that he does not take supervisory objection to the Disposition Plan, the Board shall immediately adopt and implement, and shall thereafter ensure adherence to, the terms of the Disposition Plan. Failure to submit a timely, acceptable Disposition Plan, or failure to implement and adhere to the Disposition Plan after the Board obtains a written determination of no supervisory objection from the Director, may be deemed a violation of this Order, in the exercise of the Director's sole discretion.

#### ARTICLE IV

##### LOAN PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

(1) The Board shall, within sixty (60) days, reaffirm and thereafter ensure Bank adherence to a written program to improve the Bank's loan portfolio management. The program shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) procedures to ensure satisfactory and perfected collateral documentation;
- (b) procedures to ensure that extensions of credit are granted, by renewal or otherwise, to any borrower only after obtaining and analyzing current and satisfactory credit information;
- (c) procedures to ensure conformance with loan approval requirements;
- (d) a system to track and analyze exceptions;
- (e) procedures to ensure conformance with Call Report instructions;
- (f) procedures to ensure the accuracy of internal management information systems;
- (g) a performance appraisal process, including performance appraisals, job descriptions, and incentive programs for loan officers, which adequately

consider their performance relative to policy compliance, documentation standards, accuracy in credit grading, and other loan administration matters; and

- (h) procedures to track and analyze concentrations of credit, significant economic factors, and general conditions and their impact on the credit quality of the Bank's loan and lease portfolios.

(2) A copy of the program shall be forwarded to the Director of Special Supervision for supervisory nonobjection. The Board shall review and update the program on an annual basis, or more frequently if necessary, or if requested by the Director.

(3) Within sixty (60 ) days, the Board shall develop, implement, and thereafter ensure Bank adherence to systems which provide for effective monitoring of:

- (a) early problem loan identification to assure the timely identification and rating of loans and leases based on lending officer submissions;
- (b) statistical records that will serve as a basis for identifying sources of problem loans and leases by industry, size, collateral, division, group, indirect dealer, and individual lending officer;
- (c) previously charged-off assets and their recovery potential;
- (d) compliance with the Bank's lending policies and laws, rules, and regulations pertaining to the Bank's lending function;
- (e) adequacy of credit and collateral documentation; and
- (f) concentrations of credit.

(4) Beginning as of December 31, 2010, on a monthly basis, management will provide the Board with written reports including, at a minimum, the following information:

- (a) the identification, type, rating, and amount of problem loans and leases;
- (b) the identification and amount of delinquent loans and leases;
- (c) credit and collateral documentation exceptions;
- (d) the identification and status of credit related violations of law, rule or regulation;
- (e) the identity of the loan officer who originated each loan reported in accordance with subparagraphs (a) through (d) of this Article and Paragraph;
- (f) an analysis of concentrations of credit, significant economic factors, and general conditions and their impact on the credit quality of the Bank's loan and lease portfolios;
- (g) the identification and amount of loans and leases to executive officers, directors, principal shareholders (and their related interests) of the Bank; and
- (h) the identification of loans and leases not in conformance with the Bank's lending and leasing policies, and exceptions to the Bank's lending and leasing policies.

## ARTICLE V

### CREDIT RISK AND PROBLEM ASSET MANAGEMENT

(1) Within thirty (30) days, the Board shall reaffirm and thereafter ensure Bank adherence to a written program to reduce the high level of credit risk in the Bank. The program shall include, but not be limited to procedures which strengthen:

- (a) credit underwriting;
- (b) management of credit operations and the maintenance of an adequate, qualified staff in all loan functional areas; and
- (c) loan collections.

The Board shall submit a copy of the written program to the Director for supervisory nonobjection. The Board shall review and update the program on an annual basis, or more frequently if necessary, or if requested by the Director.

(2) At least quarterly, the Board shall prepare a written assessment of the Bank's credit risk, which shall evaluate the Bank's progress under the aforementioned program. Upon completion, the Board shall submit a copy of this assessment to the Director.

(3) Within sixty (60) days, the Board shall reaffirm and the Bank (subject to Board review and ongoing monitoring) shall implement and thereafter ensure adherence to a written program designed to protect the Bank's interest in those assets criticized as "doubtful," "substandard," or "special mention" in the most recent Report of Examination ("ROE"), in any subsequent ROE, by any internal or external loan review, or in any list provided to management by the National Bank Examiners during any examination. The program shall: (i) contain sufficient checks and balances to ensure reasonable independence from the loan origination and approval functions; (ii) include sufficient staff having the qualifications, skills, and experience to effectively manage and resolve problem assets, who will be held accountable by the Bank's Board to successfully execute their assigned duties; (iii) include adequate management information systems to measure the status of workout plans on each problem asset; and (iv) include the development of Criticized Asset Reports ("CARs") for all credit relationships and other assets totaling in aggregate two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or more

criticized as "doubtful" or "substandard," and for all credit relationships and other assets totaling in aggregate two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) criticized "special mention." The CARs must be updated and submitted to the Board and the Director monthly. Each CAR shall cover an entire credit relationship and other assets, and include, at a minimum, analysis and documentation of the following:

- (a) the origination date and any renewal or extension dates, amount, purpose of the loan or other asset, and the originating and current handling officer(s);
- (b) timely identification of the risk ratings of the loans or other assets;
- (c) the expected primary and secondary sources of repayment, and an analysis of the adequacy of the repayment sources;
- (d) the appraised value of supporting collateral, with the date and source of the appraisal, and the position of the Bank's lien on such collateral, where applicable, as well as other necessary documentation to support the current collateral valuation;
- (e) an analysis of current and complete credit information, including a global cash flow analysis where loans are to be repaid from operations;
- (f) results of any ASC 310 impairment analysis;
- (g) appropriate accrual status pursuant to the FFIEC Instructions for the preparation of call reports;
- (h) significant developments, including a discussion of changes since the prior CAR, if any; and

- (i) the proposed action to eliminate the basis of criticism and the time frame for its accomplishment, including an appropriate exit strategy.

(4) The Bank shall not extend credit, directly or indirectly, including renewals, modifications or extensions, to a borrower whose loans or other extensions of credit are criticized in any ROE, in any internal or external loan review, or in any list provided to management by the National Bank Examiners during any examination, unless and until the Board, or a designated committee thereof, finds and documents in writing that each of the following conditions is met:

- (a) the extension of additional credit is necessary to promote the best interests of the Bank and that prior to renewing, modifying or extending any additional credit, a majority of the full Board (or designated committee) approves the credit extension and records, in writing, why such extension is necessary to promote the best interests of the Bank;
- (b) the Bank performs a written credit and collateral analysis as required by paragraph (3)(c) and (3)(d) of this Article and, if necessary, the proposed action referred to in paragraph (3)(i) of this Article is revised, as appropriate; and
- (c) the Board's formal plan to collect or strengthen the criticized asset will not be compromised by the extension of additional credit.

A copy of the findings, including why such extension is necessary to promote the best interests of the Bank, and approval of the Board or designated committee shall be maintained in the credit file of the affected borrower and made available for review by National Bank Examiners.

(5) The Bank shall not extend credit, directly or indirectly, for the purpose of capitalization of accrued interest or the establishment of a new interest reserve on a loan to a borrower that is criticized in any ROE, in any internal or external loan review, or in any list provided to management by the National Bank Examiners during any examination without obtaining the prior written notice of no supervisory objection of the Director.

## ARTICLE VI

### LOAN REVIEW

(1) Within ninety (90) days, the Board shall establish an effective, independent and on-going loan review system to review, at least semi-annually, the Bank's loan and lease portfolios to assure the timely identification and categorization of problem credits. The system shall provide for a written report to be filed with the Board after each review and shall use a loan and lease grading system consistent with the guidelines set forth in the "Rating Credit Risk" and "Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses" booklets of the Comptroller's Handbook. Such reports shall include, at a minimum, conclusions regarding:

- (a) the overall quality of the loan and lease portfolios;
- (b) the identification, type, rating, and amount of problem loans and leases;
- (c) the identification and amount of delinquent loans and leases;
- (d) credit and collateral documentation exceptions;
- (e) the identification and status of credit related violations of law, rule or regulation;
- (f) the identity of the loan officer who originated each loan reported in accordance with subparagraphs (b) through (e) of the Article;



- (g) concentrations of credit;
- (h) loans and leases to executive officers, directors, principal shareholders (and their related interests) of the Bank; and
- (i) loans and leases not in conformance with the Bank's lending and leasing policies, and exceptions to the Bank's lending and leasing policies.

(2) Within sixty (60) days, the Board shall develop, implement, and thereafter ensure Bank adherence to a written program providing for independent review of problem loans and leases in the Bank's loan and lease portfolios for the purpose of monitoring portfolio trends, on at least a quarterly basis. The program shall require a quarterly report to the Board. At a minimum the program shall provide for an independent reviewer's assessment of the Bank's:

- (a) monitoring systems for early problem loan identification to assure the timely identification and rating of loans and leases based on lending officer submissions;
- (b) statistical records that serve as a basis for identifying sources of problem loans and leases by industry, size, collateral, division, group, indirect dealer, and individual lending officer;
- (c) system for monitoring previously charged-off assets and their recovery potential;
- (d) system for monitoring compliance with the Bank's lending policies and laws, rules, and regulations pertaining to the Bank's lending function; and
- (e) system for monitoring the adequacy of credit and collateral documentation.

(3) A written description of the program called for in this Article shall be forwarded to the Director of Special Supervision upon implementation for supervisory nonobjection. The Board shall review and update the program on an annual basis, or more frequently if necessary, or if requested by the Director.

(4) The Board shall evaluate the internal loan and lease review report(s) and shall ensure that immediate, adequate, and continuing remedial action, if appropriate, is taken upon all findings noted in the report(s).

(5) A copy of the reports submitted to the Board, as well as documentation of the action taken by the Bank to collect or strengthen assets identified as problem credits, shall be preserved in the Bank.

## ARTICLE VII

### ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN AND LEASE LOSSES

(1) The Board shall require and the Bank shall implement and thereafter adhere to a program for the maintenance of an adequate Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses ("ALLL"). The program shall be consistent with the comments on maintaining a proper ALLL found in the Interagency Policy Statement on the ALLL contained in OCC Bulletin 2006-47 (December 13, 2006) and with "Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses," booklet A-ALLL of the *Comptroller's Handbook*, and any subsequent regulatory releases, and shall incorporate the following:

- (a) internal risk ratings of loans;
- (b) results of the Bank's independent loan review;
- (c) criteria for determining which loans will be reviewed under Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards

Codification ("ASC") Topic 310 *Receivables* (Pre-codification reference: Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") Statement No.

114), how impairment will be determined, and procedures to ensure that the analysis of loans complies with ASC 310 requirements;

- (d) criteria for determining loan pools under ASC 310 (Pre-codification reference: FAS Statement No. 5) and an analysis of those loan pools;
- (e) recognition of non-accrual loans in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and regulatory guidance;
- (f) loan loss experience;
- (g) trends of delinquent and non-accrual loans;
- (h) concentrations of credit in the Bank; and
- (i) present and projected economic and market conditions.

(2) The program shall provide for a review of the ALLL by the Board at least once each calendar quarter. Any deficiency in the ALLL shall be remedied in the quarter it is discovered, prior to filing the Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income, by additional provisions from earnings. Written documentation shall be maintained of the factors considered and conclusions reached by the Board in determining the adequacy of the ALLL and made available for review by Bank Examiners.

(3) A copy of the Board's ALLL program, and any subsequent revisions to the program, shall be submitted to the Director for supervisory nonobjection. The Board shall review and update the program on an annual basis, or more frequently if necessary, or if requested by the Director.

## ARTICLE VIII

### LIQUIDITY

(1) The Board shall ensure the liquidity of the Bank is maintained to a level that is sufficient to sustain the Bank's current operations and to withstand any anticipated or extraordinary demand against its funding base. Such actions may include, but are not necessarily limited to:

- (a) selling assets;
- (b) obtaining lines of credit from the Federal Reserve Bank;
- (c) obtaining lines of credit from correspondent banks;
- (d) recovering charged-off assets; and
- (e) injecting additional equity capital.

(2) The Board shall review the Bank's liquidity on a monthly basis. Such reviews shall consider:

- (a) a maturity schedule of certificates of deposit, including large uninsured deposits;
- (b) the volatility of demand deposits including any escrow deposits;
- (c) the amount and type of loan commitments and standby letters of credit;
- (d) an analysis of the continuing availability and volatility of present funding sources;
- (e) an analysis of the impact of decreased cash flow from the Bank's loan portfolio resulting from delinquent and non-performing loans; and
- (f) an analysis of the impact of decreased cash flow from the sale of loans or loan participations.

(3) Monthly reports shall set forth liquidity requirements and sources and establish a contingency plan. Copies of these reports shall be forwarded to the Director of Special Supervision in the Bank's monthly report to the Director of Special Supervision.

## ARTICLE IX

### ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS AND EXTENSIONS OF TIME

(1) If the Bank requires an extension of any timeframe within this Order, the Board shall submit a written request to the Director asking for relief. Any written requests submitted pursuant to this Article shall include a statement setting forth in detail the special circumstances that require an extension of a timeframe within this Order.

(2) All such requests shall be accompanied by relevant supporting documentation, and any other facts upon which the Bank relies. The Director's decision concerning a request is final and not subject to further review.

## ARTICLE X

### OTHER PROVISIONS

(1) Although the Bank is required to submit certain proposed actions and programs for the review or prior written determination of no supervisory objection of the Director, the Board has the ultimate responsibility for proper and sound management of the Bank and the completeness and accuracy of the Bank's books and records.

(2) It is expressly and clearly understood that if, at any time, the Comptroller deems it appropriate in fulfilling the responsibilities placed upon him by the several laws of the United

States of America to undertake any action affecting the Bank, nothing in this Order shall in any way inhibit, estop, bar, or otherwise prevent the Comptroller from so doing.

(3) Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, any time limitations imposed by this Order shall begin to run from the effective date of this Order.

(4) The provisions of this Order are effective upon issuance of this Order by the Comptroller, through his authorized representative whose signature appears below, and shall remain effective and enforceable, except to the extent that, and until such time as, any provisions of this Order shall have been amended, suspended, waived, or terminated in writing by the Comptroller.

(5) In each instance in this Order in which the Board or a Board committee is required to ensure adherence to and undertake to perform certain obligations of the Bank, including the obligation to implement plans, policies or other actions, it is intended to mean that the Board or Board committee shall:

- (a) authorize and adopt such actions on behalf of the Bank as may be necessary for the Bank to perform its obligations and undertakings under the terms of this Order;
- (b) require the timely reporting by Bank management of such actions directed by the Board to be taken under the terms of this Order;
- (c) follow-up on any non-compliance with such actions in a timely and appropriate manner; and
- (d) require corrective action be taken in a timely manner on any non-compliance with such actions.

(6) This Order is intended to be, and shall be construed to be, a final order issued pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1818, and expressly does not form, and may not be construed to form, a contract binding on the Comptroller or the United States.

(7) The Bank entered into a Formal Agreement dated September 11, 2008 ("FA"). This Order replaces the FA in its entirety and therefore, the FA is hereby terminated.

(8) The terms of this Order, including this paragraph, are not subject to amendment or modification by any extraneous expression, prior agreements, or prior arrangements between the parties, whether oral or written.

IT IS SO ORDERED, this 9th day of December, 2010.

*signed*

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Henry Fleming  
Director for Special Supervision

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY  
COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY**

In the Matter of: )  
First National Bank of Brookfield )  
Brookfield, Illinois )

AA-EC-10-XX

**STIPULATION AND CONSENT TO THE ISSUANCE  
OF A CONSENT ORDER**

**WHEREAS**, the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States of America ("Comptroller" or "OCC") intends to initiate cease and desist proceedings against First National Bank of Brookfield, Brookfield, Illinois ("Bank"), pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1818(b), through the issuance of a Notice of Charges, for unsafe and unsound banking practices relating to, among other issues, asset quality, credit administration, capital and management;

**WHEREAS**, the Bank, in the interest of compliance and cooperation, and without admitting or denying any wrongdoing, consents to the issuance of a Consent Order, dated December 9, 2010 ("Order") by executing this Stipulation and Consent to the Issuance of a Consent Order;

**NOW THEREFORE**, the Comptroller, through his authorized representative, and the Bank, through its duly elected and acting Board of Directors, hereby stipulate and agree to the following:

ARTICLE I

JURISDICTION

(1) The Bank is a national banking association chartered and examined by the Comptroller pursuant to the National Bank Act of 1864, as amended, 12 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*

(2) The Comptroller is "the appropriate Federal banking agency" regarding the Bank, pursuant to 12 U.S.C. §§ 1813(q) and 1818(b).



(3) The Bank is an "insured depository institution" within the meaning of 12 U.S.C. § 1818(b)(1).

## ARTICLE II

### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

(1) The Bank acknowledges that said Order shall be deemed an "order issued with the consent of the depository institution," as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 1818(h)(2), and consents and acknowledges that said Order shall become effective upon its issuance and shall be fully enforceable by the Comptroller under the provisions of 12 U.S.C. § 1818. Notwithstanding the absence of mutuality of obligation, or of consideration, or of a contract, the Comptroller may enforce any of the commitments or obligations herein undertaken by the Bank under his supervisory powers, including 12 U.S.C. § 1818, and not as a matter of contract law. The Bank expressly acknowledges that neither the Bank nor the Comptroller has any intention to enter into a contract.

(2) The Bank also expressly acknowledges that no officer or employee of the Comptroller has statutory or other authority to bind the United States, the U.S. Treasury Department, the Comptroller, or any other federal bank regulatory agency or entity, or any officer or employee of any of those entities to a contract affecting the Comptroller's exercise of his supervisory responsibilities.

## ARTICLE III

### WAIVERS

(1) The Bank, by signing this Stipulation and Consent, hereby waives:

- (a) the issuance of a Notice of Charges pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1818(b);
- (b) any and all procedural rights available in connection with the issuance of the Order;
- (c) all rights to a hearing and a final agency decision pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1818(i) or 12 C.F.R. Part 19;
- (d) all rights to seek any type of administrative or judicial review of the Order; and
- (e) any and all rights to challenge or contest the validity of the Order.

ARTICLE IV

CLOSING PROVISIONS

(1) The provisions of this Stipulation and Consent shall not inhibit, estop, bar, or otherwise prevent the Comptroller from taking any other action affecting the Bank if, at any time, the Comptroller deems it appropriate to do so to fulfill the responsibilities placed upon him by the several laws of the United States of America.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the undersigned, authorized by the Comptroller as his representative, has hereunto set his hand on behalf of the Comptroller.

*signed*  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Henry Fleming  
Director for Special Supervision

12/09/2010  
Date

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the undersigned, as the duly elected and acting Board of Directors of the Bank, have hereunto set their hands on behalf of the Bank.

signed  
Michael W. Colbert

12/09/2010  
Date

signed  
G. Michael Cronk

12/09/2010  
Date

signed  
John E. DiGiovanni

12/09/2010  
Date

signed  
John S. Gable

12/09/2010  
Date

signed  
Joseph Mondschean Sr.

12/09/2010  
Date

signed  
David F. Rolewick

12/09/2010  
Date

signed  
Jan L. Schultz

12/09/2010  
Date

signed  
Margaret H. Schultz

12/09/2010  
Date