

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY  
COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

<b>In the Matter of:</b> South County Bank, N.A. Rancho Santa Margarita, California	) ) )	AA-EC-11-05
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**CONSENT ORDER**

**WHEREAS**, the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States of America ("Comptroller"), through his National Bank Examiner, has supervisory authority over South County Bank, N.A., Rancho Santa Margarita, California ("Bank");

**WHEREAS**, the Bank, by and through its duly elected and acting Board of Directors ("Board"), has executed a Stipulation and Consent to the Issuance of a Consent Order ("Stipulation and Consent"), dated January 24, 2011, that is accepted by the Comptroller; and

**WHEREAS**, by this Stipulation and Consent, which is incorporated by reference, the Bank has consented to the issuance of this Consent Order ("Order") by the Comptroller.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, pursuant to the authority vested in him by the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as amended, 12 U.S.C. § 1818, the Comptroller hereby orders that:

ARTICLE I

COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

(1) Within ten (10) days, the Board shall establish and maintain an active Compliance Committee of at least three (3) directors, of which no more than one (1) shall be an employee, former employee, or controlling shareholder of the Bank or any of its affiliates (as the term "affiliate" is defined in 12 U.S.C. § 371c(b)(1)), or a family member of any such person. In the event of a change of the membership, the name of any new member shall be submitted in writing

to the Director for Special Supervision ("Director"). The Compliance Committee shall be responsible for monitoring and coordinating the Bank's adherence to the provisions of this Order.

(2) The Compliance Committee shall continue to meet at least monthly.

(3) Within thirty (30) days of the date of this Order and every thirty (30) days thereafter, the Compliance Committee shall continue to submit a written progress report to the Board setting forth in detail:

- (a) a description of the actions needed to achieve full compliance with each Article of this Order;
- (b) actions taken to comply with each Article of this Order; and
- (c) the results and status of those actions.

(4) The Board shall forward a copy of the Compliance Committee's report, with any additional comments by the Board, to the Director within ten (10) days of receiving such report.

(5) All reports or plans that the Bank or Board has agreed to submit to the Director pursuant to this Order shall be forwarded, by overnight mail, to the following:

Director for Special Supervision  
Comptroller of the Currency  
250 E Street, S.W.  
Mail Stop 7-4  
Washington, DC 20219

*with a copy to:*  
Comptroller of the Currency  
Southern California South Field Office  
1925 Palomar Oaks Way, Suite 202  
Carlsbad, California 92008

(6) The Board shall ensure that the Bank has sufficient processes, personnel, and control systems to effectively implement and adhere to all provisions of this Order, and that Bank personnel have sufficient training and authority to execute their duties and responsibilities under this Order.

#### STRATEGIC PLAN

(7) Within sixty (60) days, the Board shall forward to the Director for his review and determination of no supervisory objection pursuant to paragraph (5) of this Article, a written

Strategic Plan for the Bank that is acceptable to the Director, covering at least a three (3) year period. The Strategic Plan shall establish objectives for the Bank's overall risk profile, earnings performance, growth, balance sheet mix, off-balance sheet activities, liability structure, capital adequacy, reduction in the volume of nonperforming assets, product line development, and market segments that the Bank intends to promote or develop, together with strategies to achieve those objectives, and shall, at a minimum, include:

- (a) a mission statement that forms the framework for the establishment of strategic goals and objectives;
- (b) the strategic goals and objectives to be accomplished;
- (c) a description of the Bank's targeted market(s) and an assessment of the current and projected risks and competitive factors in its identified target market(s);
- (d) specific actions to improve Bank earnings and accomplish the identified strategic goals and objectives;
- (e) identification of Bank personnel to be responsible and accountable for achieving each goal and objective of the Strategic Plan, including specific timeframes;
- (f) a financial forecast, to include projections for major balance sheet and income statement accounts, targeted financial ratios, and growth projections over the period covered by the Strategic Plan;
- (g) a description of the assumptions used to determine financial projections and growth targets;
- (h) an identification and risk assessment of the Bank's present and planned future product lines (assets and liabilities) that will be utilized to accomplish

the strategic goals and objectives established in the Strategic Plan, with the requirement that the risk assessment of new product lines must be completed prior to the offering of such product lines;

- (i) a description of control systems to mitigate risks associated with planned new products, growth, or any proposed changes in the Bank's markets;
- (j) an evaluation of the Bank's internal operations, staffing requirements, and policies and procedures for their adequacy and contribution to the accomplishment of the goals and objectives established in the Strategic Plan;
- (k) an evaluation of the Bank's board and management information systems for their adequacy, accuracy, and completeness;
- (l) a management employment and succession program to promote the retention and continuity of capable management;
- (m) assigned responsibilities and accountability for the strategic planning process, new products, growth goals, and proposed changes in the Bank's operating environment; and
- (n) a description of systems to monitor the Bank's progress in meeting the Strategic Plan's goals and objectives.

(8) If the Board's Strategic Plan under paragraph (1) of this Article includes a sale or merger of the Bank, including a transaction pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 215a-3, the Strategic Plan shall, at a minimum, address the steps that will be taken and the associated timeline.

(9) At least monthly, the Board shall review financial reports and earnings analyses prepared by the Bank that evaluate the Bank's performance against the goals and objectives established in the Strategic Plan, as well as the Bank's written explanation of significant

differences between actual and projected balance sheet, income statement, and expense accounts, including descriptions of extraordinary and/or nonrecurring items. Within ten (10) days of completing its review, the Board shall submit a copy of these reports to the Director.

(10) At least quarterly, the Board shall prepare a written evaluation of the Bank's performance against the Strategic Plan, based on the Bank's monthly reports, analyses, and written explanations of any differences between actual performance and the Bank's strategic goals and objectives, and shall include a description of the actions the Board will require the Bank to take to address any shortcomings, which shall be documented in the Board meeting minutes. Within ten (10) days of completing its evaluation, the Board shall submit a copy of the evaluation and Board minutes to the Director.

(11) Prior to adoption by the Board, a copy of the Strategic Plan, and any subsequent amendments or revisions, shall be forwarded to the Director for a prior written determination of no supervisory objection. Upon receiving a written determination of no supervisory objection from the Director, the Board shall adopt and the Bank shall immediately implement and adhere to the Strategic Plan. The Board shall review and update the Bank's Strategic Plan at least annually and more frequently if necessary or if requested by the Director. Revisions to the Bank's Strategic Plan shall be submitted to the Director for a prior written determination of no supervisory objection.

(12) The Bank may not initiate any action that deviates significantly from the Board-approved Strategic Plan, including subsequent amendments or revisions, without a written determination of no supervisory objection from the Director. The Board must give the Director advance, written notice of its intent to deviate significantly from the Strategic Plan, along with an assessment of the impact of such change on the Bank's condition, including a profitability analysis and an evaluation of the adequacy of the Bank's organizational structure, staffing, management

information systems, internal controls, and written policies and procedures to identify, measure, monitor, and control the risks associated with the change in the Strategic Plan.

(13) For the purposes of this Article, changes that may constitute a significant deviation from the Strategic Plan include, but are not limited to, a change in the Bank's products and services, marketing strategies, marketing partners, business lines, asset growth, underwriting policies and practices, credit administration, account management, collection strategies or operations, fee structure or pricing, accounting processes and practices, or funding strategy, any of which, alone or in aggregate, may have a material impact on the Bank's operations or financial performance, or any other changes in personnel, operations, or external factors that may have a material impact on the Bank's operations or financial performance. For purposes of this paragraph, "personnel" shall include the president, chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer, chief credit officer, chief compliance officer, risk manager, internal auditor, member of the Bank's board of directors, or any other position subsequently identified in writing by the Director.

## ARTICLE II

### CAPITAL PLAN AND HIGHER MINIMUMS

(1) The Bank shall within one hundred and twenty (120) days achieve and thereafter maintain the following minimum capital ratios (as defined in 12 C.F.R. Part 3)<sup>1</sup>:

- (a) Total risk-based capital at least equal to twelve percent (12%) of risk-weighted assets;
- (b) Tier 1 capital at least equal to nine percent (9%) of adjusted total assets.<sup>2</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> The requirement in this Order to meet and maintain a specific capital level means that the Bank may not be deemed to be "well capitalized" for purposes of 12 U.S.C. § 1831o and 12 C.F.R. Part 6, pursuant to 12 C.F.R. § 6.4(b)(1)(iv).

(2) Within sixty (60) days, the Board shall develop and forward to the Director for his determination of no supervisory objection pursuant to paragraph (5) of this Article, a written Capital Plan for the Bank, consistent with the Strategic Plan developed pursuant to Article II and covering at least a three (3) year period. The Capital Plan shall include:

- (a) specific plans for the achievement and maintenance of adequate capital, which may in no event be less than the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Article;
- (b) projections for growth and capital requirements, based upon a detailed analysis of the Bank's assets, liabilities, earnings, fixed assets, and off-balance sheet activities;
- (c) projections of the sources and timing of additional capital to meet the Bank's future needs, as set forth in the Strategic Plan;
- (d) identification of the primary sources from which the Bank will maintain an appropriate capital structure to meet the Bank's future needs, as set forth in the Strategic Plan;
- (e) specific plans detailing how the Bank will comply with restrictions or requirements set forth in this Order and the restrictions regarding brokered deposits in 12 C.F.R. § 337.6; and
- (f) contingency plans that identify alternative methods to strengthen capital, should the primary source(s) under subparagraph (d) of paragraph (2) of this Article not be available.

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<sup>2</sup> Adjusted total assets is defined in 12 C.F.R. § 3.2(a) as the average total asset figure required to be computed for and stated in the Bank's most recent quarterly *Consolidated Report of Condition and Income* ("call report") minus end-of-quarter intangible assets, deferred tax assets, and credit-enhancing interest only-strips, that are deducted from Tier 1 capital, and minus nonfinancial equity investments for which a Tier 1 capital deduction is required pursuant to section 2(c)(5) of Appendix A of 12 C.F.R. Part 3.

- (3) The Bank may make payment of a dividend or make a capital distribution only:
- (a) when the Bank is in compliance with its approved Capital Plan and would remain in compliance with its approved Capital Plan immediately following the payment of any dividend;
  - (b) when the Bank is in compliance with 12 U.S.C. §§ 56 and 60; and
  - (c) following the prior written determination of no supervisory objection by the Director.

(4) Prior to adoption by the Board, a copy of the Capital Plan shall be submitted to the Director for a prior written determination of no supervisory objection. Upon receiving a written determination of no supervisory objection from the Director, the Board shall adopt and the Bank shall immediately implement and adhere to the Capital Plan. The Board shall review and update the Bank's Capital Plan at least annually and more frequently if necessary or if requested by the Director. Revisions to the Bank's Capital Plan shall be submitted to the Director for a prior written determination of no supervisory objection.

### ARTICLE III

#### BOARD TO ENSURE EFFECTIVE MANAGEMENT

(1) The Board shall ensure that the Bank has effective management in place on a full-time basis in all senior executive officer (as defined in 12 C.F.R. § 5.51(c)(3)) positions to carry out the Board's policies; ensure compliance with this Order; ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, and regulations; and manage the day-to-day operations of the Bank in a safe and sound manner.

(2) Within ninety (90) days, the Board shall identify and provide notice to the Director, pursuant to paragraph (6) of this Article, of a qualified and capable candidate for the position of



Chief Credit Officer ("CCO"). The new CCO shall be vested with sufficient authority to fulfill the duties and responsibilities of the position and to ensure the safe and sound operation of the Bank.

(3) Within sixty (60) days, the Board (with the exception of any senior executive officer of the Bank) shall prepare a written assessment of the capabilities of the Bank's executive officers to perform present and anticipated duties, taking into account the findings contained in the most recent Report of Examination, and factoring in the officers' past actual performance, experience, and qualifications, compared to their position description, duties and responsibilities, with particular emphasis on their proposed responsibilities to execute the Strategic Plan and correct the concerns raised in the most recent Report of Examination. Upon completion, a copy of the written assessment shall be submitted to the Director.

(4) If the Board determines that an officer's performance, skills, or abilities need improvement, the Board will, within thirty (30) days following its determination, require the Bank to develop and implement a written program, with specific time frames, to improve the officer's performance, skills and abilities. Upon completion, a copy of the written program shall be submitted to the Director.

(5) If the Board determines that an officer will not continue in his/her position, the Board shall document the reasons for this decision in its assessment performed pursuant to paragraph (2) of this Article, and shall within sixty (60) days of such vacancy identify and provide notice to the Director, pursuant to paragraph (6) of this Article, of a qualified and capable candidate for the vacant position who shall be vested with sufficient authority to ensure the Bank's compliance with this Order and the safe and sound operation of functions within the scope of that position's responsibility.

(6) The Board shall perform, at least annually, a written performance appraisal for each Bank executive officer that establishes objectives by which the officer's effectiveness will be

measured, evaluates performance according to the position's description and responsibilities, and assesses accountability for action plans to remedy issues raised in Reports of Examination or audit reports. Upon completion, copies of the performance appraisals shall be submitted to the Director. The Board shall ensure that the Bank addresses any identified deficiencies in a manner consistent with paragraphs (3) and (4) of this Article.

#### ARTICLE IV

##### LOAN PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

(1) Within sixty (60) days, the Board shall develop, implement, and thereafter ensure Bank adherence to a written program to improve the Bank's loan portfolio management. In developing the program the Board shall refer to the "Loan Portfolio Management" booklet of the *Comptroller's Handbook*. The program shall include, but not be limited to, systems and procedures that:

- (a) include policy guidelines that strengthen credit underwriting;
- (b) require that extensions of credit are granted, by renewal or otherwise, to any borrower only after obtaining, performing, and documenting a global analysis of current and satisfactory credit information;
- (c) ensure satisfactory and perfected collateral documentation;
- (d) ensure compliance with Bank loan policy standards, particularly regarding extensions or renewals of commercial real estate credit;
- (e) ensure conformance with Bank loan approval requirements;
- (f) track and analyze credit, collateral, and policy exceptions;
- (g) provide for an annual review process and systems to monitor existing credits for deterioration in primary or secondary sources of repayment, or in collateral protection;

- (h) provide for accurate risk ratings consistent with the classification standards contained in the *Comptroller's Handbook* on "Rating Credit Risk." At a minimum, the Board must ensure that, on an ongoing basis, with respect to the Bank's assessment of credit risk:
  - (i) the primary consideration is the strength of the borrower's primary source of repayment (i.e., the probability of default rather than the risk of loss);
  - (ii) the strength of the borrower's primary source of repayment is determined through analysis of the borrower's historical and projected financial statements, past performance, and future prospects in light of conditions that have occurred or may occur during the term of the loan;
  - (iii) collateral values reflect a current assessment of value based on actual market conditions and project status;
  - (iv) credit risk ratings are reviewed and updated whenever relevant new information is received; and
  - (v) the credit risk rating analysis is documented and available for review by the Board and the OCC upon request.
- (i) provide for identification, measurement, monitoring, and control of concentrations of credit;
- (j) ensure the completeness and accuracy of internal management information systems, including Special Attention Credit ("SAC") reports;
- (k) provide for periodic and ongoing training of loan officers to ensure accuracy and consistency in financial and cash flow calculations and risk ratings of

credits, as well as conformance with the Bank's loan policy and documentation requirements; and

- (1) include a performance appraisal process, including performance appraisals, job descriptions, and incentive programs for loan officers, which adequately considers their performance relative to policy compliance, documentation standards, accuracy in credit risk ratings, and other loan administration matters.

Upon completion, a copy of the program shall be forwarded to the Director.

(2) Within sixty (60) days, the Board shall develop, implement, and thereafter ensure Bank adherence to systems which provide for effective monitoring of:

- (a) early problem loan identification to assure the timely identification and rating of loans and leases based on lending officer submissions of SAC reports;
- (b) statistical records that will serve as a basis for identifying sources of problem loans and leases by industry, size, type, collateral, division, group, broker, and individual lending officer;
- (c) previously charged-off assets and their recovery potential;
- (d) compliance with the Bank's lending policies and laws, rules, and regulations pertaining to the Bank's lending function; and
- (e) adequacy of credit and collateral documentation.

(3) On a monthly basis, management will provide the Board with a comprehensive set of management information system reports including, at a minimum, the following:

- (a) the identification, type, rating, and amount of problem loans and leases;
- (b) the identification and amount of delinquent loans and leases;

- (c) credit and collateral documentation exceptions;
- (d) the identification and status of credit related violations of laws, rules, and regulations;
- (e) the identity of the loan officer who originated each loan reported in accordance with subparagraphs (a) through (d) of this Article and Paragraph;
- (f) an analysis of concentrations of credit, significant economic factors, and general conditions and their impact on the credit quality of the Bank's loan and lease portfolios; and
- (g) the identification of loans and leases not in conformance with the Bank's lending policies, and exceptions to the Bank's lending policies.

## ARTICLE V

### CRITICIZED ASSETS

(1) Within thirty (30) days, the Board shall adopt and the Bank (subject to Board review and ongoing monitoring) shall implement and thereafter ensure adherence to a written program designed to protect the Bank's interest in those assets criticized in the most recent Report of Examination ("ROE"), in any subsequent ROE, by any internal or external loan review, or in any list provided to management by the National Bank Examiners during any examination as "doubtful," "substandard," or "special mention." The program shall: (i) be independent of the loan origination and approval functions; (ii) include sufficient staff having the qualifications, skills, and experience to effectively manage and resolve problem assets, who will be held accountable by the Bank's Board to successfully execute their assigned duties; and (iii) include adequate management information systems to measure the status of workout plans on each problem asset as detailed in SAC reports.

(2) The Bank may not extend credit, directly or indirectly, including renewals, modifications or extensions, to a borrower whose loans or other extensions of credit are criticized in any ROE, in any internal or external loan review, or in any list provided to management by the National Bank Examiners during any examination, unless and until the Board, or a designated committee thereof, finds and documents in writing that each of the following conditions is met:

- (a) the extension of additional credit is necessary to promote the best interests of the Bank and prior to renewing, modifying or extending any additional credit, a majority of the full Board (or designated committee) approves the credit extension and records, in writing, why such extension is necessary to promote the best interests of the Bank; and
- (b) the Board's formal plan to collect or strengthen the criticized asset will not be compromised by the extension of additional credit.

(3) A copy of the findings, including why such extension is necessary to promote the best interests of the Bank, and approval of the Board or designated committee, shall be maintained in the credit file of the affected borrower and made available for review by the National Bank Examiners.

## ARTICLE VI

### NONACCRUAL LOANS AND TROUBLED DEBT RESTRUCTURES

(1) Within ninety (90) days, the Board shall adopt and implement written policies and procedures governing the identification, supervision, and control of nonaccrual loans and troubled debt restructures. Such policies and procedures shall:

- (a) be consistent with the accounting requirements contained in the Call Report instructions;

- (b) address the circumstances under which accrued interest due on a loan may be added to the outstanding principal amount when the loan is renewed or restructured;
- (c) address the circumstances under which a loan is defined as a troubled debt restructure;
- (d) provide clear policy guidance to recognize troubled debt restructures by identifying concessionary terms granted to borrowers;
- (e) require the Senior Loan Committee to review and document its decisions regarding the following:
  - (i) a review of all renewals and extensions of credit to determine if these loans warrant nonaccrual status and/or are troubled debt restructures; and
  - (ii) a review of all nonaccrual loans and troubled debt restructures under consideration for return to accrual status to determine the appropriateness of accrual status;
- (f) require the monthly presentation to the Board of all loans meeting any of the nonaccrual criteria or the definition of a troubled debt restructure.

(2) Within thirty (30) days, the Board shall ensure proper training for staff responsible for identifying loans for nonaccrual status or loans that are troubled debt restructures.

## ARTICLE VII

### CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT

(1) Within sixty (60) days, the Board shall revise and adopt and the Bank (subject to Board review and ongoing monitoring) shall implement and adhere to its written concentration management program consistent with the "Concentrations of Credit" booklet of the *Comptroller's*

*Handbook*, OCC Bulletin 2006-46, and OCC Banking Circular 255. The program shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (a) policy guidelines addressing the level and nature of exposures acceptable to the institution and setting concentration limits, including limits on commitments to individual borrowers and appropriate sub-limits;
- (b) procedures to identify and quantify the nature and level of risk presented by concentrations, including review of reports describing changes in conditions in the Bank's markets;
- (c) procedures to periodically review and revise, as appropriate, risk exposure limits and sub-limits to conform to any changes in the Bank's strategies and to respond to changes in market conditions;
- (d) periodic portfolio-level stress tests or sensitivity analyses to quantify the impact of changing economic conditions on asset quality, earnings, and capital;
- (e) appropriate strategies for managing concentration levels, including a contingency plan to reduce or mitigate concentrations in the event of adverse market conditions; and
- (f) periodic reports to the Board, to include the following, as appropriate:
  - (i) a summary of concentration levels, by type and subtype;
  - (ii) a synopsis of the Bank's market analysis;
  - (iii) a discussion of recommended strategies when concentrations approach or exceed Board-approved limits; and
  - (iv) a synopsis of changes in risk levels by concentration type and subtype, with discussion of recommended changes in credit



administration procedures (for example, underwriting practices, risk rating, monitoring, and training).

(2) Within ten (10) days of completion, the Board shall forward a copy of the program required in paragraph (1) of this Article, along with any concentration reports, studies, or analyses, to the Director.

## ARTICLE VIII

### ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN AND LEASE LOSSES

(1) The Board shall immediately adopt and the Bank shall implement and thereafter adhere to a written program for the maintenance of an adequate Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses ("ALLL"). The program shall be consistent with the comments on maintaining a proper ALLL found in the Interagency Policy Statement on the ALLL contained in OCC Bulletin 2006-47 (December 13, 2006) and with the "Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses" booklet of the *Comptroller's Handbook*, and shall incorporate the following:

- (a) internal risk ratings of loans;
- (b) trends of delinquent and non-accrual loans;
- (c) results of the Bank's independent loan review;
- (d) criteria for determining which loans will be reviewed under Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 310 *Receivables* (pre-codification reference: Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") Statement No. 114), how impairment will be determined, and procedures to ensure that the analysis of loans complies with ASC 310 requirements;

- (e) criteria for determining loan pools under ASC 450 *Contingencies* (pre-codification reference: FAS Statement No. 5) and an analysis of those loan pools;
- (f) recognition of non-accrual loans in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), regulatory guidance, and Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income ("call report") instructions;
- (g) loan loss experience;
- (h) concentrations of credit; and
- (i) present and projected economic and market conditions.

(2) The program shall provide for a review and approval of the ALLL by the Board at least once each calendar quarter. Any deficiency in the ALLL shall be remedied in the quarter it is discovered, prior to filing the call report, by additional provisions from earnings. Written documentation shall be maintained of the factors considered and conclusions reached by the Board in determining the adequacy of the ALLL and made available for review by National Bank Examiners.

(3) Upon completion, the Board shall forward a copy of the program required in paragraph (1) of this Article, along with any periodic analyses or subsequent revisions to the program, to the Director.

## ARTICLE IX

### LOAN REVIEW

(1) Within ninety (90) days, the Board shall ensure an assessment of the Bank's credit risk management system is conducted by a qualified and independent party. The assessment shall include, but is not limited to, an evaluation of management and staffing qualifications and levels,

credit administration processes, problem loan identification and management practices, collection practices, and management information systems.

(2) The Bank shall maintain an effective, independent, and on-going loan review program to review, at least semi-annually, the Bank's loan and lease portfolios, to assure the timely identification and categorization of problem credits. The program shall provide for a written report to be filed with the Board promptly after each review and shall employ a loan and lease rating system consistent with the guidelines set forth in "Rating Credit Risk" and "Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses" booklets of the *Comptroller's Handbook*. Such reports shall include, at a minimum:

- (a) the loan review scope and coverage parameters;
- (b) conclusions regarding the overall quality of the loan and lease portfolios;
- (c) the identification, type, rating, and amount of problem loans and leases;
- (d) the identification and amount of delinquent loans and leases;
- (e) credit and collateral documentation exceptions;
- (f) loans meeting the criteria for nonaccrual and/or troubled debt restructure status;
- (g) the identity of the loan officer(s) of each loan reported in accordance with subparagraphs (b) through (f);
- (h) the identification and status of credit-related violations of law, rule, or regulation;
- (i) concentrations of credit; and
- (j) loans and leases in nonconformance with the Bank's lending and leasing policies, and exceptions to the Bank's lending and leasing policies.

(3) A written description of the program required by Paragraph (1) of this Article shall be forwarded to the Director immediately upon implementation.

(4) The Board shall evaluate the loan and lease review report(s) and shall ensure that immediate, adequate, and continuing remedial action, as appropriate, is taken upon all findings noted in the report(s). The Board shall also ensure that the Bank preserves documentation of any actions to collect or strengthen assets identified as problem credits.

## ARTICLE X

### LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

(1) Within sixty (60) days, the Board shall revise and maintain a comprehensive liquidity risk management program, consistent with OCC Bulletin 2010-13, "Liquidity" (March 22, 2010) and the "Liquidity" booklet of the *Comptroller's Handbook*, which assesses, on an ongoing basis, the Bank's current and projected funding needs, and ensures that sufficient funds or access to funds exist to meet those needs. Such a program must include effective methods to achieve and maintain sufficient liquidity and to measure and monitor liquidity risk, to include at a minimum:

- (a) strategies to maintain sufficient liquidity at reasonable costs including, but not limited to, the following:
  - (i) improving diversification of funding sources and reducing reliance on high cost providers;
  - (ii) identifying and reducing rollover risk;
  - (iii) increasing liquidity through such actions as obtaining additional capital, placing limits on asset growth, aggressive collection of problem loans and recovery of charged-off assets, and asset sales; and

- (iv) monitoring the projected impact on reputation, economic and credit conditions in the Bank's market(s).
- (b) The preparation of liquidity reports which shall be reviewed by the Board on at least a monthly basis, to include, at a minimum, the following:
- (i) a certificate of deposit maturity schedule, including separate line items for brokered deposits, uninsured deposits, and public funds depicting maturities on a weekly basis for the next month and monthly thereafter for the following five months, which schedule shall be updated at least weekly;
  - (ii) a schedule of all funding obligations, including unfunded loan commitments, outstanding lines of credit and outstanding letters of credit, showing the obligations that can be drawn immediately, and on a weekly basis for the next month and monthly thereafter for the following five months, which schedule shall be prepared and updated at least weekly;
  - (iii) a listing of funding sources, prepared and updated on a weekly basis for the next month and monthly thereafter for the following five months, including federal funds sold; unpledged assets and assets available for sale; and borrowing lines by lender, including original amount, remaining availability, type and book value of collateral pledged, terms, and maturity date, if applicable.
  - (iv) a monthly sources and uses of funds report for a minimum period of six months, updated monthly, which reflects known and projected changes in asset and liability accounts, and the assumptions used in

developing the projections. Such reports shall include, at a minimum:

1. the funding obligations and sources required by (b)(ii) and (b)(iii) of this paragraph;
2. projected additional funding sources, including loan payments, loan sales/participations, or deposit increases; and
3. projected additional funding requirements from a reduction in deposit accounts including uninsured and brokered deposits, inability to acquire federal funds purchased, or availability limitations or reductions associated with borrowing relationships.

(c) A contingency funding plan that, on a monthly basis, forecasts funding needs, and funding sources under different stress scenarios which represent management's best estimate of balance sheet changes that may result from a liquidity or credit event. The contingency funding plan shall include:

- (i) specific plans detailing how the Bank will comply with restrictions or requirements set forth in this Order and the restrictions regarding brokered deposits in 12 C.F.R. §337.6;
- (ii) the preparation of reports which identify and quantify all sources of funding and funding obligations under best case and worst case scenarios, including asset funding, liability funding and off-balance sheet funding; and

(iii) procedures which ensure that the Bank's contingency funding practices are consistent with the Board's guidance and risk tolerances.

(2) Upon completion of the revised Liquidity Risk Management Program, the Board shall submit a copy of the program to the Director. On a monthly basis, the Bank shall submit copies of any other reports required by this Article to the Director.

## ARTICLE XI

### VIOLATIONS OF LAW

(1) The Board shall require and the Bank shall immediately take all necessary steps to correct each violation of law, rule, or regulation cited in any Report of Examination, or brought to the Board's or Bank's attention in writing by management, regulators, auditors, loan review, or other compliance efforts. Within sixty (60) days after the violation is cited or brought to the Board's attention, the Bank shall provide to the Board a list of any violations that have not been corrected. This list shall include an explanation of the actions taken to correct the violation, the reasons why the violation has not yet been corrected, and a plan to correct the violation by a specified date.

(2) Within sixty (60) days of the date of this Order, the Board shall adopt and the Bank (subject to Board review and ongoing monitoring) shall implement and thereafter ensure adherence to:

- (a) specific procedures to prevent future violations as cited in the most recent Report of Examination; and
- (b) general procedures addressing compliance management that incorporate internal control systems and education of employees regarding laws, rules, and regulations applicable to their areas of responsibility.

(3) Upon adoption, the Board shall forward a copy of these policies and procedures to the Director.

## ARTICLE XII

### ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS AND EXTENSIONS OF TIME

(1) If the Bank requires an extension of any timeframe within this Order, the Board shall submit a written request to the Director asking for relief. Any written requests submitted pursuant to this Article shall include a statement setting forth in detail the special circumstances that prevent the Bank from complying with a provision and that require an extension of a timeframe within this Order.

(2) All such requests shall be accompanied by relevant supporting documentation, and any other facts upon which the Bank relies. The Director's decision concerning a request is final and not subject to further review.

## ARTICLE XIII

### OTHER PROVISIONS

(1) Although the Bank is required to submit certain proposed actions and programs for the review or prior written determination of no supervisory objection of the Director, the Board has the ultimate responsibility for proper and sound management of the Bank and the completeness and accuracy of the Bank's books and records.

(2) It is expressly and clearly understood that if, at any time, the Comptroller deems it appropriate in fulfilling the responsibilities placed upon him by the several laws of the United States of America to undertake any action affecting the Bank, nothing in this Order shall in any way inhibit, estop, bar, or otherwise prevent the Comptroller from so doing.

(3) Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, any time limitations imposed by this Order shall begin to run from the effective date of this Order.



(4) The provisions of this Order are effective upon execution of this Order by the Comptroller, through his authorized representative whose signature appears below, and shall remain effective and enforceable, except to the extent that, and until such time as, any provisions of this Order shall have been amended, suspended, waived, or terminated in writing by the Comptroller.

(5) In each instance in this Order in which the Board or a Board committee is required to ensure adherence to and undertake to perform certain obligations of the Bank, including the obligation to implement plans, policies or other actions, it is intended to mean that the Board or Board committee shall:

- (a) authorize and adopt such actions on behalf of the Bank as may be necessary for the Bank to perform its obligations and undertakings under the terms of this Order;
- (b) require the timely reporting by Bank management to the Board of such actions directed by the Board to be taken under the terms of this Order;
- (c) follow-up on any non-compliance with such actions in a timely and appropriate manner; and
- (d) require corrective action be taken in a timely manner of any non-compliance with such actions.

(6) This Order is intended to be, and shall be construed to be, a final order issued pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1818, and expressly does not form, and may not be construed to form, a contract binding on the Comptroller or the United States.

(7) The terms of this Order, including this paragraph, are not subject to amendment or modification by any extraneous expression, prior agreements, or prior arrangements between the parties, whether oral or written.

IT IS SO ORDERED, this 24<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2011.

*signed*

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John W. Quill

Deputy Comptroller for Special Supervision

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY  
COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY**

In the Matter of: )  
South County Bank, N.A. )  
Rancho Santa Margarita, California )

AA-EC-11-05

**STIPULATION AND CONSENT TO THE ISSUANCE  
OF A CONSENT ORDER**

**WHEREAS**, the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States of America ("Comptroller") intends to initiate cease and desist proceedings against South County Bank, N.A., Rancho Santa Margarita, California ("Bank"), pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1818, through the issuance of a Notice of Charges, for unsafe or unsound banking practices relating to, among other issues, strategic and capital planning, asset quality and credit administration, concentrations risk management, and violations of law;

**WHEREAS**, the Bank, in the interest of compliance and cooperation, and without admitting or denying any wrongdoing, consents to the issuance of a Consent Order, dated January 24, 2011 ("Order") by executing this Stipulation and Consent to the Issuance of a Consent Order;

**NOW THEREFORE**, the Comptroller, through his authorized representative, and the Bank, through its duly elected and acting Board of Directors, hereby stipulate and agree to the following:

ARTICLE I

JURISDICTION

(1) The Bank is a national banking association chartered and examined by the Comptroller pursuant to the National Bank Act of 1864, as amended, 12 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*

(2) The Comptroller is "the appropriate Federal banking agency" regarding the Bank, pursuant to 12 U.S.C. §§ 1813(q) and 1818(b).

(3) The Bank is an "insured depository institution" within the meaning of 12 U.S.C. § 1818(b)(1).

## ARTICLE II

### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

(1) The Bank acknowledges that said Order shall be deemed an "order issued with the consent of the depository institution," as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 1818(h)(2), and consents and acknowledges that said Order shall become effective upon its issuance and shall be fully enforceable by the Comptroller under the provisions of 12 U.S.C. § 1818. Notwithstanding the absence of mutuality of obligation, or of consideration, or of a contract, the Comptroller may enforce any of the commitments or obligations herein undertaken by the Bank under his supervisory powers, including 12 U.S.C. § 1818, and not as a matter of contract law. The Bank expressly acknowledges that neither the Bank nor the Comptroller has any intention to enter into a contract.

(2) The Bank also expressly acknowledges that no officer or employee of the Comptroller has statutory or other authority to bind the United States, the U.S. Treasury Department, the Comptroller, or any other federal bank regulatory agency or entity, or any officer or employee of any of those entities to a contract affecting the Comptroller's exercise of his supervisory responsibilities.

ARTICLE III

WAIVERS

- (1) The Bank, by signing this Stipulation and Consent, hereby waives:
- (a) the issuance of a Notice of Charges pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1818(b);
  - (b) any and all procedural rights available in connection with the issuance of the Order;
  - (c) all rights to a hearing and a final agency decision pursuant to 12 U.S.C. § 1818(i) or 12 C.F.R. Part 19;
  - (d) all rights to seek any type of administrative or judicial review of the Order; and
  - (e) any and all rights to challenge or contest the validity of the Order.

ARTICLE IV

OTHER PROVISIONS

(1) The provisions of this Stipulation and Consent shall not inhibit, estop, bar, or otherwise prevent the Comptroller from taking any other action affecting the Bank if, at any time, the Comptroller deems it appropriate to do so to fulfill the responsibilities placed upon him by the several laws of the United States of America.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the undersigned, authorized by the Comptroller as his representative, has hereunto set his hand on behalf of the Comptroller.

signed  
John W. Quill  
Deputy Comptroller for Special Supervision

1/24/11  
Date

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the undersigned, as the duly elected and acting Board of Directors of the Bank, have hereunto set their hands on behalf of the Bank.

signed  
Fadi Cheikha

1/20/11  
Date

signed  
Arthur J. Cohen

1/20/11  
Date

signed  
H. Kent Falk

1/20/11  
Date

signed  
James K. Graham

1/20/11  
Date

signed  
Ben Lozano

1/20/11  
Date

signed  
Peter Mainstain

1/20/11  
Date

signed  
Walter E. Storch

1/20/11  
Date

signed  
Mark Thompson

1/20/11  
Date

signed  
Bruce M. Williams

1/20/11  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Thomas E. Yott

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date