The NPRM would amend part 5 to require a national bank to file an annual report with the OCC that identifies its operating subsidiaries that do business directly with consumers and are not functionally regulated as defined in section 5(c)(5) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended (12 USC 1844(c)(5)). Under the proposal, a national bank would be required to provide certain information for each of its operating subsidiaries, including the name of the operating subsidiary, location and contact information, and the operating subsidiary's lines of business. The OCC would make this information available to the public on its Internet Web site. This information would assist consumers in identifying national bank operating subsidiaries that are subject to OCC supervisory authority.

For questions concerning this proposed rule, contact Stuart E. Feldstein, assistant director, or Patrick T. Tierney, attorney, Legislative and Regulatory Activities, at (202) 874-5090.

Julie L. Williams
First Senior Deputy Comptroller and Chief Counsel

Related Links

- Notice of Proposed Rulemaking 69 FR 15260
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY
Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

12 CFR Part 5 [Docket No. 04–08]
RIN 1557–AC81

Rules, Policies, and Procedures for Corporate Activities: (Annual Report on Operating Subsidiaries)

AGENCY: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) is issuing this proposed rule to assist consumers in identifying national bank operating subsidiaries that are subject to OCC supervisory authority. These revisions require national banks to file an annual report with the OCC that identifies its operating subsidiaries that do business directly with consumers and are not functionally regulated as defined in section 5(c)(5) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1844(c)(5)). For each operating subsidiary, a national bank would be required to provide information including the name of the operating subsidiary, location and contact information, and the operating subsidiary's lines of business. The OCC will make this information available to the public on its Internet Web site.

DATES: Comments on this proposed rule must be received by April 26, 2004. Comments on the paperwork burden associated with this proposed rule under the Paperwork Reduction Act must be received by May 24, 2004.

ADDRESSES: Please direct your comments to: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, 250 E Street, SW., Public Information Room, Mailstop 1–5, Washington, DC 20219. Attention: Docket No. 04–08, fax number (202) 874–4448; or Internet address: regs.comments@occ.treas.gov. Due to delays in paper mail delivery in the Washington, DC area, we encourage the submission of comments by fax or e-mail whenever possible. Comments may be inspected and photocopied at the OCC’s Public Information Room, 250 E Street, SW., Washington, DC. You can make an appointment to inspect comments by calling (202) 874–5043.


SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

National banks may conduct aspects of their banking activities through operating subsidiaries.1 These subsidiaries are corporations, limited liability companies, or similar types of business organizations where the parent bank owns more than 50 percent of the voting or similar type of interest of the operating subsidiary or the parent bank otherwise controls the operating subsidiary and no other entity controls more than 50 percent of the voting or similar type of interest in the subsidiary. Operating subsidiaries are permitted to conduct only activities that are permissible for the parent national bank. Operating subsidiaries conduct these activities “subject to the same authorization, terms and conditions” as apply to their parent bank.2 In essence, operating subsidiaries are a Federally-licensed means by which national banks conduct Federally-authorized banking activities. As provided in our regulations, State laws apply to operating subsidiaries only to the extent that they apply to the parent bank.3 Questions recently have arisen about how consumers identify entities that are national bank operating subsidiaries, particularly in the context of where consumers would direct any complaints about their experiences with such an entity. Many national bank operating subsidiaries that deal with consumers use a trade name or brand closely identified with their parent bank. Some do not, however, and thus some consumers may be unsure of the character of the entity and the agency responsible for regulating it.

1 See generally, 12 CFR 5.34 (OCC operating subsidiary regulation).
2 12 CFR 5.340(e)(3).
3 12 CFR 7.4000.

In order to provide more specific information to consumers, the proposal would add a new paragraph (e)(6) to § 5.34 of our regulations requiring national banks to file an annual report with the OCC containing information about national bank operating subsidiaries that are not functionally regulated by other regulators and that do business directly with consumers.4 The OCC will make this information available to the public on its Internet customer service Web site at www.occ.treas.gov/customer.htm.

Now 12 CFR 5.34(e)(6) specifies that an operating subsidiary “does business directly with consumers” if it provides products or services to individuals to be used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes. We invite comment on whether this definition adequately describes the intended scope of coverage of the reporting requirement and, if not, the definition the OCC should use.

The proposal requires a national bank to include in the annual report the name and charter number of the parent national bank together with each covered operating subsidiary’s mailing address and telephone number, and if different, its principal place of business. A national bank also must indicate the operating subsidiary’s lines of business by designating the appropriate code as listed in Appendix B (Federal Reserve Board Activity Codes) to the General Instructions for filing The Report of Changes in Organizational Structure, Form FR Y–10. Form FR Y–10 is used regularly by bank holding companies to report information on their investments and contains a useful list of activities that are familiar to most national banks. If this proposed rule is adopted as a

4 A subsidiary is a “functionally regulated” subsidiary if it is a broker or dealer that is registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; a registered investment adviser, properly registered by or on behalf of either the Securities and Exchange Commission or any State, with respect to the investment advisory activities of such investment adviser and activities incidental to such investment advisory activities; an investment company that is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940; an insurance company, with respect to insurance activities of the insurance company and activities incidental to such insurance activities, that is subject to supervision by a State insurance regulator; or an entity that is subject to regulation by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, with respect to the commodities activities of such entity and activities incidental to such commodities activities. See 12 U.S.C. 1844(c)(5)(B)(I)(v).
final rule, a copy of the activities list will be made available on the OCC’s Internet Web site at www.occ.treas.gov and at www.banknet.gov.

The OCC invites comment on whether reference to this list of activities for identifying operating subsidiary lines of business is convenient for national banks or whether there are other methods that would be less burdensome.

We also invite comment on whether the information requested is adequate to apprise consumers of the information they need to identify the company as a national bank operating subsidiary. Commenters also are invited to address whether national banks should report information on operating subsidiaries that are functionally regulated by other regulators, and with respect to those subsidiaries, whether, and if so, how best to direct consumers to the appropriate regulator(s) for the particular “functionally regulated” company.

The proposal requires a national bank to prepare its report on an annual basis as of each March 31st and to file the report with the OCC by July 1st of that year. If the proposal is adopted as a final rule, these dates may be adjusted in order to assure that first report is received as soon as practicable in 2004, allowing adequate time for compliance. A national bank may file its report electronically with the OCC by consulting the filing requirements at www.banknet.gov.

Request for Comments

The OCC welcomes comments on any aspect of this proposal, particularly, those issues specifically noted in this preamble.

Solicitation of Comments on Use of Plain Language

Section 722 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, Pub. L. 106–102, sec. 722, 113 Stat. 1338, 1471 (Nov. 12, 1999), requires the Federal banking agencies to use plain language in all proposed and final rules published after January 1, 2001. We invite your comments on how to make the regulation easier to understand.

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• Have we organized the material to suit your needs? If not, how could this material be better organized?
• Are the requirements in the proposal clearly stated? If not, how could the regulation be more clearly stated?
• Does the proposal contain language or jargon that is not clear? If so, which language requires clarification?
• Would a different format (grouping and order of sections, use of headings, paragraphing) make the regulation easier to understand? If so, what changes to the format would make the regulation easier to understand?

If not, how could the proposal be made easier to understand?

Community Bank Comment Request

In addition, we invite your comments on the impact of this proposal on community banks. The OCC recognizes that community banks operate with more limited resources than larger institutions and may present a different risk profile. Thus, the OCC specifically requests comments on the impact of the proposal on community banks’ current resources and available personnel with the requisite expertise, and whether the goals of the proposal could be achieved, for community banks, through an alternative approach.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

Pursuant to section 605(b) of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, the OCC certifies that this proposal will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The proposal would require national banks to report information that should be readily available to the banks. National banks that are part of a bank holding company structure are already reporting some or all of the information requested in a substantially similar manner. The economic impact upon national banks of this proposed rule is estimated to be negligible, thus the proposal will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Executive Order 12866

The OCC has determined that this proposed rule is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

Section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995, Pub. L. 104–4 (2 U.S.C. 1532) (Unfunded Mandates Act), requires that an agency prepare a budgetary impact statement before promulgating any rule likely to result in a Federal mandate that may result in the expenditure by State, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector of $100 million or more in any one year. If a budgetary impact statement is required, section 205 of the Unfunded Mandates Act also requires an agency to identify and consider a reasonable number of regulatory alternatives before promulgating a rule. The OCC has determined that the proposal will not result in expenditures by State, local, and tribal governments, or by the private sector, of $100 million or more in any one year. Accordingly, the proposal is not subject to section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Act.

Paperwork Reduction Act

The information collection requirements contained in this proposal have been submitted to OMB for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This proposal will increase paperwork burden for respondents by adding certain reporting requirements. The information collection requirements are contained in 12 CFR 5.34(e)(6) which requires each national bank to file an annual report on its operating subsidiaries.

The OCC estimates burden for this information collection as follows:

Number of Respondents: 2,100.
Number of Responses: 1 per year.
Estimated Time per Response: 3 hours.

Total Estimated Annual Burden: 6,300 burden hours.

The OCC invites comments on:

(1) Whether the collection of information contained in the proposal is necessary for the proper performance of the OCC’s functions, including whether the information collection has practical utility;

(2) The accuracy of the OCC’s estimate of the burden of the information collection, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;

(4) Ways to minimize the burden of the information collection on respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and

(5) Estimates of capital or start-up costs and costs of operation, maintenance, and purchase of services to provide information.

Comments should be sent to John Ference or Camille Dixon, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Legislative and Regulatory Activities Division, Attention: 1557–AROS, 250 E Street, SW., Mailstop 8–4, Washington, DC 20219. Due to delays in paper mail in the Washington area, commenters are encouraged to submit their comments by fax to (202) 874–4889 or by e-mail to camille.dixon@occ.treas.gov. Comments should also be sent to Joseph P. Lackey, Jr., Desk Officer, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention: 1557–AROS, Office of Management and
Subsidiaries—(i) Filing requirement

(e)(6)(ii) of this section for each of its Operating Subsidiaries containing the information set forth in paragraph (e)(6)(ii)(B); and

(D) The lines of business in which the operating subsidiary is engaged by designating the appropriate code contained in Appendix B (Federal Reserve Board Activity Codes) to the General Instructions for filing The Report of Changes in Organizational Structure, Form FR Y–10, a copy of which is set forth on the OCC’s Web site. If the operating subsidiary is engaged in an activity not set forth in this list, the national bank shall use the code 0000 and provide a brief description of the activity.

(iii) Filing time frames and availability of information. Each national bank’s Annual Report on Operating Subsidiaries shall contain information current as of March 31 of the year in which the report is filed. The national bank shall submit its report to the OCC on or before July 1, 2004, and on or before July 1 of each year thereafter. The national bank may submit the Annual Report on Operating Subsidiaries electronically on the form prescribed by the OCC. The OCC will make available to the public the information contained in the Annual Report on Operating Subsidiaries on its Internet Web site at http://www.occ.treas.gov.


John D. Hawke, Jr.,
Comptroller of the Currency.

BILLING CODE 4810–33–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2001–NM–352–AD]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Model A330 and A340 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the superseding of an existing airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Airbus Model A330 and A340 series airplanes, that currently requires repetitive inspections to check the play of the eye-end of the piston rod of the elevator servo-controls, and follow-on corrective actions, if necessary. This action would require the replacement of certain elevator servo-controls with new, improved servo-controls. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to detect and correct excessive play of the eye-end of the piston rod of the elevator servo-controls, which could result in failure of the elevator servo-control. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

DATES: Comments must be received by April 26, 2004.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2001–NM–352–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227–1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: 9-amn-nprmcomment@faa.gov. Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain “Docket No. 2001–NM–352–AD” in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 or 2000 or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Airbus, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac Cedex, France. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:
• Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to